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(b)(3) 10 U.S.C 424

🔿 MALAYSIA.

404 2. (C) SINCE BURMA IS FREE OF MUSLIM DOMINANCE. IT O MUST FORESTALL MUSLIM ADVANCES. ACCORDING TO THIS ARA VIEW, BANGLARESH IS SEEN AS THE GREATEST THREAT DUE TO ITS POPULATION AND DUE TO THE FACT THAT TO GAIN A BETTER LIFE, BANGLADESHIES ARE SEEKING REFUGE IN BURMA. BESITES BANGLATESH, THE BURMESE WORRY ABOUT MUSLIMS FROM THAILAND AND MALAYSIA AND SEE THE KASHMIR CRISIS AS ANOTHER EXAMPLE OF MUSLIM EXPANSION. MUCH OF BUR-MESE REGIONAL' STRATEGY IS BASED ON THE PERCEIVED NEED TO THWART ISLAMIC DOMINATION. Ļ O WWW MUSLIM POPULATION AS PLAYERS IN THIS CONSPIRACY. Τ0 TILLUSTRATE THE THREAT, AUTHORITIES DESCRIBE A WARD IN TENASSERIM WHICH HOUSED 100 MUSLIM FAMILIES. THE BURMESE DO NOT REST THEIR LOGIC ON NUMBERS OF FAMILIES. BUT EXPAND THE ARGUMENT TO THE COMPOSITION OF A MUSLIM FAMILY. WHICH THEY VIEW AS CONSISTING OF A HUSBAND WITH FOUR WIVES. WITH EACH WIFE HAVING TWO CHILDREN. CAUSING AN AGGREGATE INCREASE OF 13. IF THIS IMMIGRATION CON-TINUES UNCHECKEE, THE MUSLIMS WOULT SOON DOMINATE HUNN BURMA. OVERPOPULATION IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE BURMESE () AS A MEANS TO AN END. SUCH A MIND SET REQUIRES THE THAN GOVERNMENT TO MANAGE TIGHT CONTROLS OVER LOCAL MUSLIMS TO INSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL OBJECTIVE AGAINST FOREIGN COMINATION. U Ο **. . . .** . О ** (b)(1);Sec. 1.4(c) 2. (---- AMERICAN REGIONAL ACTIVITIES HAVE ALSO AFFECTED THE BURMESE VIEW OF REGIONAL POLITICS. DURING THE BANGLADESH RELIEF OPERATIONS, BURMESE AUTHORITIES INQUIRED ABOUT AMERICAN "OVERFLIGHTS" AS WELL AS AMERI-(b)(3) 10 U.S.C 424 Ó i N M M . О. - A A A О \bigcirc

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