

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT	
CONFIDENTIAL NO FOREIGN DISSEM	
This report contains unprocessed information. Plans and/or policies should not be evolved modified solely on the basis of this report.	
1. COUNTRY: Argentina	8. REPORT NUMBER: (b)(3):10 USC 424
2. SUBJECT: Terrorism in Argentina Update (U)	9. DATE OF REPORT: 1975, July 1
3. ISC NUMBER: N/A	10. NO. OF PAGES: 3
4. DATE OF INFORMATION: 1975 Apr thru Jun	11. REFERENCES: (b)(3):10 USC 424
5. PLACE AND DATE OF ACQ: 1975 Apr Thru Jun Buenos Aires, Argentina	12. ORIGINATOR: (b)(3):10 USC 424
6. EVALUATION: SOURCE [redacted] INFORMATION [redacted]	13. PREPARED BY: (b)(3):10 USC 424
7. SOURCE: Press (b)(3):10 USC 424	14. APPROVING AUTHORITY: (b)(3):10 USC 424
15. SUMMARY:	
(U) This IR forwards information on recent terrorist situation in Argentina; it specifically supplements earlier IR's on same topic as referenced above.	
<p>RECEIVED DS-4D JUL 23 2 21 PM '75</p> <p style="text-align: right;">077</p>	
<p>1. (U) As evidenced by the official Argentine Government report on terrorist action in the last 2 years there has been no abatement in violence from either left nor right wing factions and terror groups. The Argentine government report of early June 1975 states that there have been more than 5,779 incidents of political violence (this is not to mention unreported acts) since May 1973.</p> <p>2. (U) Significant among reported terrorist incidents is the attack on the 1st Army Infantry "Patricios" in Buenos Aires (34265-582/W). According to recent press reports confusion still exists as to what actually took place during this attack. The only clear</p>	
16. DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR:	17. DOWNGRADING DATA:
USCINCSO 193RD INF Bde USNAVSOC USAFCO COMNAVJINTCOM	<p>ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE</p> <p>EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION</p> <p>DATE 10/13/00 BY 103158</p>
18. ATTACHMENT DATA:	
NONE	
CONFIDENTIAL NO FOREIGN DISSEM	

DECLASSIFIED IN FULL
Authority: EO 13526
DIA FOIA & Declassification Services Offices
Date: Oct 19, 2018

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
 CONTINUATION SHEET
NO FOREIGN DISSEM
 (Classification and Control Markings)

REPORT NO. (b)(3):10 USC 424
 PAGE 2 OF 5 PAGES
 ORIGINATOR (b)(3):10 USC 424

fact is that the attacking group has not been identified.

3. (U) The following as reported in the press give some idea of the varied terrorist activity going on in many areas of Argentina:

7 Apr 1975

Rosario (3257-6040W): Wave of political violence includes the machine gunning of a 17-yr old student.

Buenos Aires (3436S-5827W): The bullet-ridden bodies of 6 men found near Buenos Aires were victims of a mass execution believed to have been carried out by the Argentine Anti-Communist Alliance (AAA); the unidentified bodies were found in an open field near Ezeiza Airport.

11 Apr 1975

La Plata (3455S-5757W): Dr. Alberto Mario Gersianik, 31, was the victim of an attack, allegedly by extremists; his killers fired 96 shots at him, 80 of which found their mark.

Buenos Aires: Two bodies identified as Guillermo Andres Lopez and Eduardo Piegio formerly employed by the Buenos Aires Municipal Housing Commission were found killed. Their bodies were found behind the Nufes University buildings and the deaths are attributed to political motives.

12 Apr 1975

Buenos Aires: The body of a 22 year old man the son of lawyer and militant nationalist catholic Ernesto Rodriguez Rossi, former president of the Banco Popular of La Plata was discovered. Terrorists murdered his father last August.

Police found three bodies inside a burned car in Parque Centenario, Buenos Aires. The bodies were so badly burned that no identification could be made and political motives were assumed.

15 Apr 1975

Buenos Aires: Argentine Naval Headquarters in the Libertad Building located in the port area was subject of a bomb explosion credited to terrorists.

(b)(3):10 USC 424

16 Apr 1975

Rosario (3257S-6040W): Police reported that a 16-member guerrilla band, including 1 woman, overpowered the guard and carried away most of the weapons at the Theobald District Police Station; roadblocks in operation for several days fail to capture the guerrillas who apparently slipped through the dragnet.

17 April 1975

San Lorenzo (3841S-7032W): An army colonel as well as two unnamed guerrillas were killed during an attempt to take over the Army arsenal.

Villa Constitución (3314S-6020W): Police reported that alleged left-wing guerrillas forced a light aircraft at gunpoint to overfly Villa Constitución where they dropped subversive literature.

18 Apr 1975

Jujuy (2300S-6600W): Jujuy provincial police commissioner and a police officer were killed while manning a roadblock. The police were attempting to capture terrorists who had just bombed the home of the manager of a local sugar mill. Unfortunately, the guerrillas escaped.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
NO FOREIGN DISSEM
 (Classification and Control Markings)

DD FORM 1396c

REPLACES AF FORM 112, JUL 61 WHICH MAY BE USED UNTIL 1 JAN 63
 GPO 1964 O-748-765

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CONTINUATION SHEET
~~NO FOREIGN DISSEM~~

REPORT NO. (b)(3):10 USC 424
PAGE 3 OF 3 PAGES
ORIGINATOR (b)(3):10 USC 424

29 Apr 1975

Carmen de Areco (34223-5949W): In an alleged guerrilla show of power, the chairman of the Chacabuco city council was kidnapped and brutally murdered. He was a former construction worker's union official.

28 May 1975

Mar del Plata (38003-5753W): A bullet-ridden body of a father of an alleged Montonero guerrilla being detained under the "State of Siege" was discovered.

29 May 1975

Quilmes (34448-5816W): A policeman was shot to death while trying to question the occupants. The alleged terrorists escaped.

4 June 1975

A police corporal was killed in Mar del Plata during a gunfight when extremists attempted to take over a police station. One extremist was killed.

10 June 1975

Moreno (32568-6041W): A bullet ridden body of a sales manager for YPT was found in this city. The cause was set by officials as political.

12 June 1975

Ituzing (27368-5641W): A union delegate was shot and killed by masked gunmen. He had received previous death threats.

13 June 1975

Cordoba (31248-6415W): Guerrillas ambushed and murdered 3 policemen. Motive was believed to be political.

15 June 1975

Cordoba: Montoneros caused panic when they held up a store and then forced the astonished customers to carryout groceries without paying.

16 June 1975

Jose C. Paz (34308-5545W): A nurse and her step-mother were murdered in their home. Beside the bodies were discovered a sign bearing the mark of an extremist organization. It was believed by police that the persons were killed for treachery.

4. Comment (2447W): In 1973 the major proportion of terrorist activity was in the Cordoba area. However, in 1974 the incidence percentage greatly increased in Buenos Aires Province (36008-6006W). As the volume of terror increased over the past year, so has the range of targets widened. Originally most targets were political but now army officers and policemen have been stalked by terrorists carrying out a campaign of murder. The Argentine Government has not been able to put a lid on terrorist activity although some successful efforts in anti-guerrilla operations have been made. (b)(3):10 USC 424

(Leave Blank)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~NO FOREIGN DISSEM~~

DD FORM 1396c

(Classification and Control Markings)

REPLACES AF FORM 1124, JUL 61 WHICH MAY BE USED UNTIL 1 JAN 83 GPO : 1964 O-758-290