

(b)(3):10
USC 424

DIA SEAL DIA SEAL

[AFMIC Home Page](#)

UNCLASSIFIED

Disease Occurrence -- Worldwide

(DI-1812-317-03, 27 Mar 2003)

General

(b)(3):10 USC 424;(b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)

(U) The DOWW, published under the auspices of the Department of Defense Intelligence Production Program (DoDIPP), reflects the Defense Intelligence Production Community position. The DIA's AFMIC is the designated DoDIPP producer for this subject.

(U) The weekly DOWW provides timely alerts and updates on militarily significant infectious diseases.

(b)(3):10 USC 424

(U) Health events from 03/26/2003 through 03/27/2003 include:

CENTCOM

Iraq

(U) **Disease:** Diarrhea - cholera

(b)(3):10 USC 424;(b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)

(U) **Date:** Ongoing since March 2003

(U) **Location:** Al Basrah and As Sulaymaniyah Governates

(U) **Summary:** Despite earlier reporting of an outbreak of "blackwater fever" in Al Basrah, [Redacted] now attribute the outbreak to cholera. Water supplies have been severely degraded throughout Al Basrah since 22 March. The number of cases is unspecified, but deployment of supplies sufficient to treat 1,000 people is awaiting stabilization of the city. The area around the city has a history of severe outbreaks of cholera even during peacetime.

(U) Increased rates of diarrhea also have been reported among children under 5 years of age in a refugee camp near Mawat in northern Iraq.

(U) **Assessment:** Cholera and other diarrheal diseases are to be expected in areas that have inadequate supplies of potable water. Numbers likely will increase until potable water and other humanitarian aid

supplies are able to reach the populace.

(U) Potential Risk to US Forces: Infrequent or sporadic numbers of personnel consuming local food, water, or ice could develop symptomatic infection.

Appendix

(U) Request for feedback: This Center has an ongoing effort to upgrade its worldwide epidemiological intelligence reporting and requests that any feedback be forwarded to the Defense Intelligence Agency, Building 6000, Washington D.C., 20340-5100, Attn: AFMIC, by electronic message to DIRAFMIC FT DETRICK MD, or through the comments/feedback link on the AFMIC home page on Intelink.

(U) Distribution Statement: This document has been produced for official use within the US Government, and distribution is limited to US Government agencies. Requests for this document from outside the US Government must be referred to the Defense Intelligence Agency, Washington, DC 20340-0001.

UNCLASSIFIED

[AFMIC Home Page](#)



UNCLASSIFIED

Disease Occurrence -- Worldwide

(b)(2), 27 Mar 2003)

General

(U) The DOWW, published under the auspices of the Department of Defense Intelligence Production Program (DoDIPP), reflects the Defense Intelligence Production Community position. The DIA's AFMIC is the designated DoDIPP producer for this subject. This product responds to Joint Staff/J-4 (Deputy Director for Medical Readiness) production requirement (b)(2).

(U) The weekly DOWW provides timely alerts and updates on militarily significant infectious diseases.

(U) This product is now available on the Internet at (b)(2) on SIPRNET at (b)(2), and on Intelink at (b)(2).

(U) Health events from 03/26/2003 through 03/27/2003 include:

CENTCOM

Iraq

(U) **Disease:** Diarrhea - cholera

(U) **Date:** Ongoing since March 2003

(U) **Location:** Al Basrah and As Sulaymaniyah Governates

(U) **Summary:** Despite earlier reporting of an outbreak of "blackwater fever" in Al Basrah, (b)(2) Sec. 1.4(c) now attribute the outbreak to cholera. Water supplies have been severely degraded throughout Al Basrah since 22 March. The number of cases is unspecified, but deployment of supplies sufficient to treat 1,000 people is awaiting stabilization of the city. The area around the city has a history of severe outbreaks of cholera even during peacetime.

(U) Increased rates of diarrhea also have been reported among children under 5 years of age in a refugee camp near Mawat in northern Iraq.

(U) **Assessment:** Cholera and other diarrheal diseases are to be expected in areas that have inadequate supplies of potable water. Numbers likely will increase until potable water and other humanitarian aid supplies are able to reach the populace.

(U) Potential Risk to US Forces: Infrequent or sporadic numbers of personnel consuming local food, water, or ice could develop symptomatic infection.

Appendix

(U) Request for feedback: This Center has an ongoing effort to upgrade its worldwide epidemiological intelligence reporting and requests that any feedback be forwarded to the Defense Intelligence Agency, Building 6000, Washington D.C., 20340-5100, Attn: AFMIC, by electronic message to DIRAFMIC FT DETRICK MD, or through the comments/feedback link on the AFMIC home page on Intelink.

(U) Distribution Statement: This document has been produced for official use within the US Government, and distribution is limited to US Government agencies. Requests for this document from outside the US Government must be referred to the Defense Intelligence Agency, Washington, DC 20340-0001.

UNCLASSIFIED

