CDS
CDSN = LGX374  MCN = 94144/10667  TOR = 941440917
RTTCTZYUW RUEKJCS8629 14409185369 RUEALGX.
ZNY = 66666

HEADER
R 240918Z MAY 94
FM DIA WASHINGTON DC
INFO RUEADWD/OCSA WASHINGTON DC
RUENAA/CNO WASHINGTON DC
RUEAHQA/CSAF WASHINGTON DC
RUEACMC/CMC WASHINGTON DC
(b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)
RHDLCNE/CINCUSNAVEUR LONDON UK (b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)
RUCQVAB/USCINCSOC — OPS CEN MACDILL AFB FL (b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)
RUEHC /SECSTATE WASHINGTON DC
RUEAIIA/CIA WASHINGTON DC (b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)
RUETIAH/DIRNSA FT GEORGE G MEADE MD (b)(3):50 USC 3024(i)

R 240910Z MAY 94 (b)(3) 10 USC 424
(b)(3):10 USC 424
(b)(3):10 USC 424
(b)(3):10 USC 424
(b)(3):10 USC 424

BT
CONTROLS
CONFIDENTIAL SECTION 01 OF 03 (b)(3):10 USC 424
NOFORM
SERIAL: (b)(3):10 USC 424

/************* THIS IS A COMBINED MESSAGE *************/

BODY
COUNTRY: (U) (b)(3):10 USC 424
SUBJ: (b)(3):10 USC 424 RESEARCH REPORT, MILITARY CENTER FOR STRATEGIC STUDIES "COUNTRIES OF THE SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN COAST AND EUROPEAN POLITICS" (U) WARNING: (U) THIS IS AN INFORMATION REPORT, NOT FINALLY EVALUATED INTELLIGENCE. REPORT CLASSIFIED

NOFORM
CONFIDENTIAL
TEXT:

1. (U) REPORT FORWARDS BOOK PREPARED BY THE "CENTRO MILITARE DI STUDI STRATEGICI (MILITARY CENTER FOR STRATEGIC STUDIES).

2. (U) ENCLOSURE PROVIDES SUMMARY REPORT OF SIX RESEARCH PAPERS DISCUSSING SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS REGARDING THE SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN COUNTRIES AND THE IMPACT OF EUROPEAN POLITICAL POLICIES.

3. (U) SECURITY RISKS IN THE REGIONS TO THE SOUTH OF EUROPE.
   A. (U) MILITARY RISKS - THE UPWARD TREND IN ARMS PROCUREMENT AND MILITARY SPENDING IN THE AREAS TO THE SOUTH OF THE MEDITERRANEAN IS PARTICULARLY STRONG, BOTH QUANTITATIVELY AND QUALITATIVELY, IN BOTH CONVENTIONAL AND NON-CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS.
      - EGYPT, LIBYA, ISRAEL, AND SYRIA HAVE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CAPABILITY AND ALGERIA HAS THE INFRASTRUCTURE TO ACQUIRE SUCH CAPABILITY.
      - ONLY ISRAEL HAS THE CAPABILITY TO DEVELOP BALLISTIC MISSILES. IRAN, IRAQ AND LIBYA HAVE FAILED IN THEIR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS. MANY COUNTRIES ARE, NEVERTHELESS, INTENT UPON PURCHASING THIS CAPABILITY.
      - ISRAEL IS THE ONLY COUNTRY WITH NUCLEAR CAPABILITY. IRAN, IRAQ, SYRIA, EGYPT, TURKEY AND ALGERIA ARE ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN THE CAPABILITY AND THE SITUATION IS AGGRAVATED BY A PROLIFERATION OF SUPPLIERS.
      - DESPITE POST-COLD WAR DISARMAMENT, WESTERN MILITARY APPARATUS IN THE SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN REMAINS SUBSTANTIAL. RISKS OF MISUSE OF FORCE WILL INCREASE AS FORCES ARE USUALLY NOT SUITED FOR PEACEKEEPING MISSIONS.
   B. (U) ECONOMIC RISKS - FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS, ALL THE COUNTRIES TO
THE SOUTH OF THE MEDITERRANEAN, EXCEPT LOW-POPULATION OIL-EXPORTERS HAVE SUFFERED ECONOMIC CRISIS. THE WEST EUROPEAN RECESSION AND RISING BURDEN OF FOREIGN DEBT FORCED ECONOMIC CONTRACTION, INCREASING UNEMPLOYMENT DURING A PERIOD OF HIGH POPULATION GROWTH. THE RESULT HAS BEEN A MEASURABLE DECREASE IN THE AVERAGE STANDARD OF LIVING. ECONOMIC CONDITIONS WILL CONTINUE TO TREND FOR THE WORSE. THE COUNTRIES WITH LESS RESOURCES AND INCOME WILL ACCOUNT FOR THE MOST OF THE REGION'S TOTAL POPULATION. THIS WILL FAVOR CONTINUING MIGRATORY PRESSURE TOWARD EUROPE.

C. (U) POLITICAL AND CULTURAL RISKS - ISLAMISM IS SEEN AS A NEW FORM OF ANTI-IMPERIALIST AND NATIONALIST MOVEMENT. IT'S AIM IS TO REESTABLISH THE NATIONAL IDENTITY AND ASPIRATIONS FOR POLITICAL ASSERTION WHICH POST-INDEPENDENCE GOVERNMENTS WERE UNABLE TO ACHIEVE.

- (U) ALTHOUGH ISLAMIC TRENDS HAVE GAINED NEW STRENGTH, THEY ARE NOT BELIEVED TO INVOLVE THE INTERNATIONAL CONFLICT CHARACTER OF KHOMEINI'S IRAN. THEY ARE MARKED BY SOME DEGREE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION, ALBEIT OPPORTUNISTIC.

- (U) THE PRINCIPAL RISK OF THE ISLAMIC MOVEMENT AT PRESENT IS TO THE MORE WESTERNIZED REGIMES SUCH AS EGYPT AND JORDAN. IN NORTH AFRICA THE MOVEMENTS HAVE BLOCKED EVOLUTIONARY PROGRESS TOWARD LIBERAL GOVERNMENT. THE RISK TO EUROPE IS THE CONTINUOUS FUELING OF DESTABILIZING FACTORS.

D. (U) STRATEGIC RISKS - SECURITY PERCEPTIONS ARE DOMINATED BY TWO FACTORS - THE END OF BIPOLAR SYSTEMS, AND WESTERN DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW SECURITY ORDER. THE END OF BIPOLARISM HAS CONTRADICTORY REACTIONS. THE SUDDEN INTEREST IN EASTERN EUROPE HAS LEFT THE SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN FEELING ABANDONED WHILE THE GREATER SCRUTINY THEY RECEIVE IS PERCEIVED AS A THREAT.

- (U) THE SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN COUNTRIES SEE A SHIFT IN FOCUS OF WESTERN THREAT FROM EAST TO SOUTH. THIS WAS CONFIRMED WITH THE U.S. AND FSU AGREEMENT DURING THE GULF WAR. THE IDEA OF HAVING REPLACED THE USSR AS THE WEST'S TARGET IS SEEN AS AN ATTEMPT TO MAINtain DOMINION.

5. (U) EUROPEAN POLICIES. THE ORGANIZATION OF SECURITY AND COOPERATION ACROSS THE MEDITERRANEAN INVOLVES THREE SPHERES - REGIONAL, INTERREGIONAL AND GLOBAL. THE THREE SPHERES CONTAIN RESPONSES TO THE ABOVE DESCRIBED RISKS.

6. (U) PROFILES OF ISLAMIC MOVEMENTS, THEIR ORIGIN, STATUS, FOUNDERS, LEADERS AND IDEOLOGY ARE DETAILED. THESE INCLUDE:

A. (U) ALGERIA -
   - (U) FRONT ISLAMIQUE DU SALUT - FIS,
   - (U) HARAKAT AL-MUJTAMA’ AL-ISLAMI - HAMAS
   - (U) MOUVEMENT DE LA NAHDA ISLAMIQUE - MNI
   - (U) PARTI NATIONAL ALGERIEN - PNA
   - (U) PARTI DU RENOUVEAU ALGERIEN - PRA
   - (U) RABITA AL-DA’WA AL-ISLAMIYA
   - (U) MOUVEMENT ISLAMIQUE ALGERIEN - MIA

B. (U) TUNISIA
   - (U) MOUVEMENT DE LA TENDANCE ISLAMIQUE - MTI
   - (U) TENDANCE ISLAMIQUE PROGRESSISTE
   - (U) PARTY OF THE SHURA ISLAMICA
   - (U) HABIB DHAOUI OF ISLAMIC JIHAD
   - (U) FRONT ISLAMIQUE DU SALUT - FIS

C. (U) MOROCCO
   - (U) AL-‘ADL WA AL-IHSAN
   - (U) AL-SHABIBA AL-ISLAMIYA
   - (U) MOUDJAHEHDINES MOVEMENT
   - (U) JAMA’AT AL-TABLIGH WA AL-DA’WA

D. (U) LIBYA
   - (U) AL-IKHWAN AL-MUSLIMUN
   - (U) ISLAMIC LIBERATION PARTY - ILP
   - (U) ISLAMIC VANGARD / ISLAMIC LIBERATION FRONT
   - (U) ISLAMIC JIHAD

E. (U) EGYPT
   - (U) AL-IKHWAN AL-MUSULMANI
   - (U) AL-TAHIR AL-ISLAMI / TAKFIR WA AL-HIJRA
   - (U) MUNAZZAMAT AL-JIHAD

F. (U) JORDAN
